

On & Off-grid Energy Storage Solutions (Newly Installed Systems)

Summary

As a product intended for the new installation of PV storage generators, EM/ES series are aimed for boosting self-consumption in areas with high electrical rate and a relatively low FIT. For areas and regions where peak shaving can be applied and feed-in-power is restricted, this system would be a good fit.

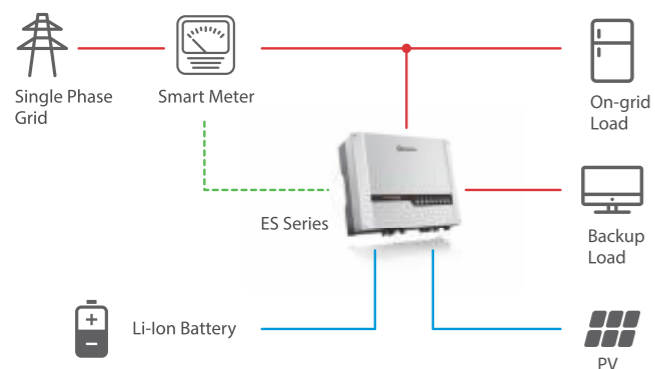
Functional Introduction

- **Increasing Self-Consumption:** During the day, the electricity from the PV array is used to optimize self-consumption. The excess is used to recharge the batteries and can be released to the loads at night. The highest proportion of self use is up to 95%.
- **Peak Shaving:** By setting the charging and discharging time, the battery can be charged using the lower electrical rate and discharged to loads when there is a high electrical rate.
- **Power Supply for Important Loads:** Connected to the backup side of the inverter, loads such as refrigerators, routers, lamps, computers and other small appliances can be powered. When grid fails the system automatically switches to back-up mode within milliseconds.

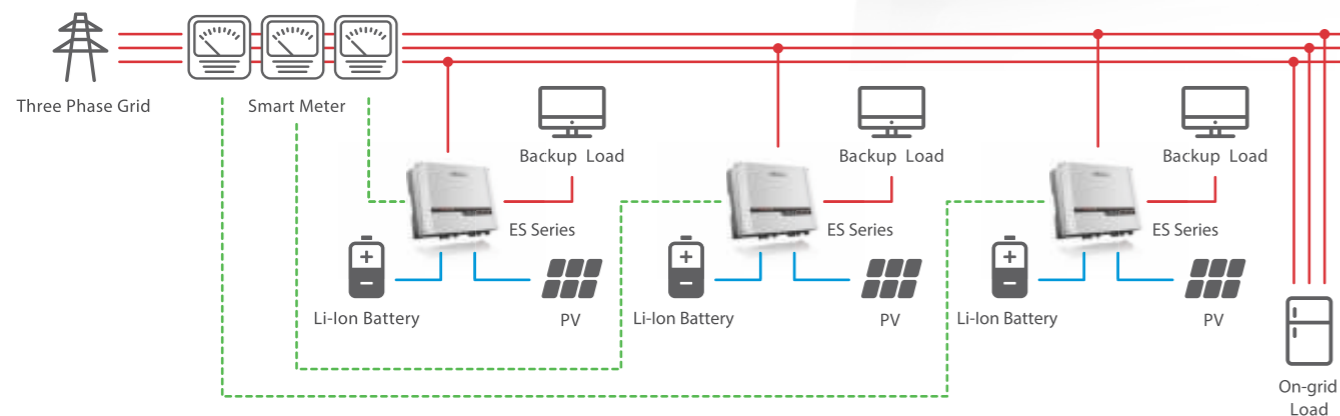
System Topology Illustration

AC cable DC cable COM cable

01 Basic Application



02 Three-phase Application Proposal



Power Whenever You Need

Residential Energy Storage Solutions

ES Series

Single Phase Hybrid Inverter (LV Battery)



Technical Data		GW3648D-ES	GW5048D-ES
Battery Input Data	Battery Type	Li-Ion or Lead-acid*1	
	Nominal Battery Voltage (V)	48	
	Max. Charging Voltage (V)	≤60 (Configurable)	
	Max. Charging Current (A)*1	75	100
	Max. Discharging Current (A)*1	75	100
	Battery Capacity (Ah)*2	50~2000	
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery		Self-adaption to BMS	
PV String Input Data	Max. DC Input Power (W)	4600	6500
	Max. DC Input Voltage (V)	580	
	MPPT Range (V)	125~550	
	Start-up Voltage (V)*3	150	
	Nominal DC Input Voltage (V)	360	
	Max. Input Current (A)	11/11	
	Max. Short Current (A)	13.8/13.8	
	No. of MPP Trackers	2	
	No. of Strings per MPP Tracker	1	
	AC Output Data (On-grid)	Nominal Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	3680
Max. Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)*4		3680	5100
Max. Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)		7360	9200
Nominal Output Voltage (V)		230	
Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)		50/60	
Max. AC Current Output to Utility Grid (A)		16	24.5*5
Max. AC Current From Utility Grid (A)		32	40
Output Power Factor		~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)	
AC Output Data (Back-up)	Output THDi (@Nominal Output)	<3%	
	Max. Output Apparent Power (VA)	3680	4600
	Peak Output Apparent Power (VA)*6	5520,10sec	6900,10sec
	Max. Output Current (A)	16	20
	Nominal Output Voltage (V)	230 (±2%)	
Efficiency	Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)	50/60 (±0.2%)	
	Output THDv (@Linear Load)	<3%	
	Max. Efficiency	97.6%	
Protection	Max. Battery to Load Efficiency	94.0%	
	European Efficiency	97.0%	
	Anti-Islanding Protection	Integrated	
	PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection	Integrated	
	Insulation Resistor Detection	Integrated	
	Residual Current Monitoring Unit	Integrated	
	Output Over Current Protection	Integrated	
General Data	Output Short Protection	Integrated	
	Output Over Voltage Protection	Integrated	
	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-25~60	
	Relative Humidity	0~95%	
	Operating Altitude (m)	≤4000	
	Cooling	Natural Convection	
	Noise (dB)	<25	
	User Interface	LED & APP	
	Communication with BMS*7	RS485; CAN	
	Communication with Meter	RS485	
	Communication with Portal	Wi-Fi	
	Weight (kg)	28	30
	Size (Width*Height*Depth mm)	516*440*184	
	Mounting	Wall Bracket	
Protection Degree	IP65		
Standby Self-Consumption (W)	<13		
Certifications & Standards	Topology	High Frequency Isolation	
	Grid Regulation	VDE-AR-N 4105, VDE0126-1-1, AS4777.2, G83/2, CEI 0-21, NRS 097-2-1, EN50438	VDE-AR-N 4105, VDE0126-1-1, AS4777.2, G59/3, CEI 0-21, NRS 097-2-1, EN50438
	Safety Regulation	IEC/EN62109-1&-2, IEC62040-1	
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4, EN 61000-4-16, EN 61000-4-18, EN 61000-4-29		

*1: Lead-acid battery use refers to Approved Battery Options Statement .
The actual charge and discharge current also depends on the battery.
*2: Under off-grid mode, then battery capacity should be more than 100Ah.
*3: When there is no battery connected, inverter starts feeding in only if string voltage is higher than 200V.

*4: 4600W for VDE 0126-1-1 & VDE-AR-N4105, 4950W for AS4777.2(GW5048D-ES); 4050W for CEI 0-21 (GW3648D-ES).
*5: 21.7A for AS4777.2.
*6: Can be reached only if PV and battery power is enough.
*7: The standard configuration is CAN.

EM Series

Single Phase Hybrid Inverter (LV Battery)



Technical Data		GW3048-EM	GW3648-EM	GW5048-EM
Battery Input Data	Battery Type	Li-Ion or Lead-acid*1		
	Nominal Battery Voltage (V)	48		
	Max. Charging Voltage (V)	≤60 (Configurable)		
	Max. Charging Current (A)*1	50	50	50
	Max. Discharging Current (A)*1	50	50	50
	Battery Capacity (Ah)*2	50~2000		
Charging Strategy for Li-Ion Battery		Self-adaption to BMS		
PV String Input Data	Max. DC Input Power (W)	3900	4600	6500
	Max. DC Input Voltage (V)*3	550		
	MPPT Range (V)	100~500		
	Start-up Voltage (V)*4	150		
	Nominal DC Input Voltage (V)	360		
	Max. Input Current (A)	11	11/11	11/11
	Max. Short Current (A)	13.8	13.8/13.8	13.8/13.8
	No. of MPP Trackers	1	2	2
	No. of Strings per MPP Tracker	1		
	AC Output Data (On-grid)	Nominal Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)	3000	3680
Max. Apparent Power Output to Utility Grid (VA)*6		3000	3680	5000
Max. Apparent Power from Utility Grid (VA)		5300		
Nominal Output Voltage (V)		230		
Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)		50/60		
Max. AC Current Output to Utility Grid (A)		13.6	16	22.8*7
Max. AC Current From Utility Grid (A)		23.6		
Output Power Factor		~1 (Adjustable from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging)		
AC Output Data (Back-up)	Output THDi (@Nominal Output)	<3%		
	Max. Output Apparent Power (VA)	2300		
	Peak Output Apparent Power (VA)*8	3500,10sec		
	Automatic Switch Time (ms)	10		
	Max. Output Current (A)	10		
Efficiency	Nominal Output Voltage (V)	230 (±2%)		
	Nominal Output Frequency (Hz)	50/60 (±0.2%)		
	Output THDv (@Linear Load)	<3%		
Protection	Max. Efficiency	97.6%		
	Max. Battery to Load Efficiency	94.5%		
	European Efficiency	97.0%		
	Anti-Islanding Protection	Integrated		
	PV String Input Reverse Polarity Protection	Integrated		
	Insulation Resistor Detection	Integrated		
	Residual Current Monitoring Unit	Integrated		
General Data	Output Over Current Protection	Integrated		
	Output Short Protection	Integrated		
	Output Over Voltage Protection	Integrated		
	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-25~60		
	Relative Humidity	0~95%		
	Operating Altitude (m)	4000		
	Cooling	Natural Convection		
	Noise (dB)	<25		
	User Interface	LED & APP		
	Communication with BMS*9	RS485; CAN		
	Communication with Meter	RS485		
	Communication with Portal	Wi-Fi		
	Weight (kg)	16	17	17
	Size (Width*Height*Depth mm)	347*432*175		
Mounting	Wall Bracket			
Protection Degree	IP65			
Standby Self-Consumption (W)	<13			
Certifications & Standards	Topology	High Frequency Isolation		
	Grid Regulation	AS/NZS 4777.2:2015, G83/2, G100, CEI 0-21, VDE4105-AR-N, VDE0126-1-1, NRS 097-2-1, RD1699, UNE206006, EN50438		
	Safety Regulation	IEC/EN62109-1&-2, IEC62040-1		
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-2, EN61000-6-3, EN61000-6-4, EN 61000-4-16, EN 61000-4-18, EN 61000-4-29			

*1: Lead-acid battery use refers to Approved Battery Options Statement .
The actual charge and discharge current also depends on the battery.
*2: Under off-grid mode, then battery capacity should be more than 100Ah.
*3: Maximum operating dc voltage is 530V.
*4: When there is no battery connected, inverter starts feeding in only if string voltage is higher than 200V.
*5: 4600 for VDE0126-1-1 & VDE-AR-N4105 & CEI 0-21(GW5048-EM).

*6: For CEI 0-21 GW3048-EM is 3300W, GW3648-EM is 4050W, GW5048-EM is 5100W; for VDE-AR-N4105 GW5048-EM is 4600.
*7: 21.7A for AS4777.2.
*8: Can be reached only if PV and battery power is enough.
*9: The standard configuration is CAN.